Use with textbook pages 302-309.

Radioactive decay

- 1. Define the following terms.
 - (a) half-life _____
 - (b) decay curve _____
 - (c) parent isotope _____
 - (d) daughter isotope _____
- 2. Complete the following tables.

Half-Life	Percent of parent isotope	Percent of daughter isotope	Half-Life	Fraction of parent isotope	Fraction of daughter isotope
0			0		
1			1		
2			2		
3			3		
4			4		

- **3.** A rock sample contains 120 g of a radioactive isotope. The radioactive isotope has a half-life of 5 years.
 - (a) Complete the following table.

Half-Life	Time (a)	Mass (g)	
0	0		
1	5		
2	10		
3	15		
4	20		
5	25		

- (b) How much of the radioactive isotope if left after 25 years have passed? _____
- (c) How many half-lives have passed if there is only 15 g of the parent isotope left?
- (d) How many years have passed if there is only 7.5 g of the parent isotope left?

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- (e) Use the data in the table to graph a decay curve. Label the *x*-axis with Time (a) and the *y*-axis with Mass (g).
- 4. A rock sample contains 80 g of a radioactive isotope with a half-life of 20 years.
 - (a) Complete the following table.

Half-Life	Time (a)	Mass of parent isotope (g)	Mass of daughter isotope (g)
0	0		
1	20		
2	40		
3	60		
4	80		
5	100		

- (b) How much of the parent isotope is left after 4 half-lives?
- (c) How much of the parent isotope is left after 100 years? _____
- (d) How much of the daughter isotope is present after 60 years? _____
- (e) How much time has passed if 77.5 g of the daughter isotope is present? _____
- (f) What is the ratio of parent isotope to daughter isotope after 2 half-lives?